

(b) Industrial training for boys shall be in farm and garden work and any other handicraft that can be conveniently practised, special attention being paid to milking, the handling of horses and farm machinery, and the elements of carpentry and blacksmithing.

(c) Industrial training for girls shall be in needlework, washing, ironing housework, cooking, garden work, and, where cows are kept, dairying.

16. For the purpose of giving religious instruction to the inmates of any particular religious denomination to which the inmates belong, ministers of that denomination may have admission to institutions every Sunday, at such hours and on such days and hours as may be fixed by the Secretary; or, in the case of subsidised institutions, by the governing authority.

17. Each day shall be begun and ended with simple family worship, conducted by the manager, schoolmaster, or some other authorised officer.

18. No child shall be taught the tenets of any religion to which the parents or guardians object, or, in the case of wards, other than that to which they are stated in the order of detention to belong.

19. The discipline enforced shall be mild and firm. All degrading and injurious punishments shall be avoided. The "boxing" of children's ears is strictly forbidden, as is also the corporal punishment of girls of twelve years old and over. Corporal punishment shall not be inflicted upon girls below the age of twelve years, except under very extreme circumstances.

20. (a) Corporal punishment may, as a last resort, be inflicted in the presence of a witness by the manager or by the schoolmaster, under the direction and on the responsibility of the manager.

(b) Corporal punishment may be administered for offences against morality, gross impertinence, or for persistent disobedience, but not for trivial breaches of discipline or dullness in learning.

(c) For the purpose of this Regulation "corporal punishment" means punishment by means of strokes with a cane inflicted on the hands.

21. Every case of corporal punishment must be recorded in the punishment book immediately after the infliction thereof, giving date, details of the offence, number of strokes administered, and signature of witness.

22. (a) Discipline may be generally maintained by the granting of privileges and the following light punishments:—

(1) Forfeiture of privileges;

(2) Extra school tasks or drill;

(3) Confinement in a room with reasonable access of light and air.

As to (3), no inmate of any subsidised institution shall be confined for a longer period than four hours.

(b) Every case of light punishment shall be recorded in the punishment book with date, particulars of offence, and the mode of punishment.

23. (1) The manager of each institution shall fix the days and hours during which the public will be allowed to visit the inmates of such institution, and shall publish the same on a notice board affixed in a conspicuous place near the main entrance of the institution.

(2) Except with the special permission of the manager, no member of the public shall be allowed to visit any inmate of an institution at any times other than those fixed as aforesaid.

(3) The manager of an institution may refuse admission to any person, who desires to visit an inmate, at any time whatsoever if, in his opinion, the interests of the inmate sought to be visited or of any other inmate, or the discipline of the institution, may be injuriously affected if such person is admitted to the institution. Provided that, where a person is refused admission during ordinary visiting hours, such refusal shall be reported to the secretary by the manager responsible for such refusal.

24. All letters to and from inmates who are wards shall be sent through the manager, who shall peruse them; and, if the contents of any letter be of such a nature as to justify it being withheld, the manager shall forward the same to the Secretary.

25. No ward shall be permitted to leave an institution on holidays, week-ends, or other days, with friends or relatives, without the approval in writing of the Secretary.

26. (1) Should any ward abscond, the manager shall immediately give notice thereof—

(a) to the Central Police Station, Perth; and

(b) to the Secretary.

(2) It shall be the duty of the police to arrest any such ward and convey him to the place from which he absconded, or to the Government Receiving Home, Mount Lawley.